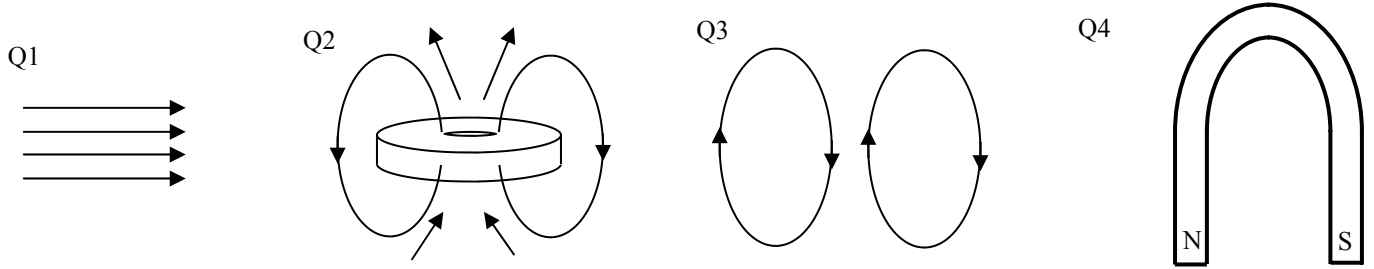
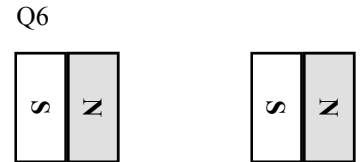


# Magnetism 3



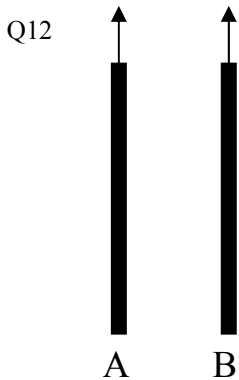
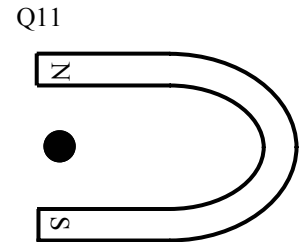
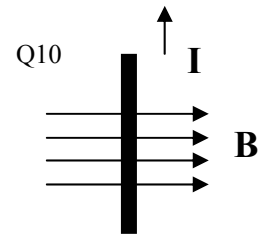
- Figure 1 shows a magnetic field label the sides of the field as N and S.
- Label the doughnut magnet's N and S poles.
- Label the inner arrows with N and S
  - Will the fields attract or repel?
  - Why or why not?
- Draw the magnetic field lines between the poles of the horseshoe magnetic.
- Draw the magnetic field lines between the two shown magnets.
- Give the sign conventions for the following (draw the symbols):
 

A. Forward _____	C. Up _____	E. Right _____
B. Left _____	D. Backward _____	F. Down _____



- If you put two compasses on top of each other, what happens and why?

- If the wire shown has a current running from left to right,
  - draw B above and below the wire using the symbols from Q6.
  - which direction is the magnetic field in front of the wire?
- The thick black line is a wire carrying current up. The arrows show the direction of the magnetic field. Which direction is the force on the wire?
- Which direction are the magnetic field lines going for the horseshoe magnet? (Drawing them might help.)
  - If the black dot shows a current carrying wire with the current going down into the page, which direction will the wire feel a force?
- The two black lines are current carrying wires. The currents are in the same direction.
  - Which direction is B going on the right side of wire A (into or out of the page)?
  - Draw which direction B is going on the right side of wire A.
  - Which direction will the force on wire B be applied?



- Following the same logic as in Q12, which direction will the force from wire D feel from wire C?



### Magnetism 3

13. A current carrying wire is coming out of the page (toward you), which way is B, clockwise or counterclockwise?
14. A current carrying wire is looped clockwise in the plane of the paper. Is B up or down?
15. The force the charge feels is forward when B is down. Which way is the charge moving?
16. A moving charge in a uniform magnetic field travels how?
17. A 12 N force is felt by a  $2 \mu\text{C}$  charge going  $3 \times 10^4 \text{ m/s}$ . How big is the magnetic field?
18. A 20 loop,  $0.35 \text{ m}^2$  solenoid oriented at an angle of 20 degrees feels a magnetic field change from 10 T to 2.2 T in 3 seconds. How much emf is felt?