2008 TAKS Week Homework

ALL OTHER PERIODS:

Due by THURSDAY MORNING BEFORE TAKS!!!!!

SINCE SCIENCE TAKS is Thursday, those of you with class Thursday and Friday must

sho	w me your homework by WEDNESDAY—BEFORE TAKS!!!!											
1.	 Con<u>D</u>uction, Con<u>V</u>ection, or <u>R</u>adiation? (We did this in January—read your notes or the book.) A. You pick up a hot piece of metal and get burned. B. You put your hand above a pan of hot water. C. You feel the heat from a brick wall when you put you hand next to the wall, but not touching it. D. Why the upstairs of a house is warmer. E. How the water in the bottom of a pan heats up. 											
2.	You should be able to do all of this. Show your work or no credit. A 5 kg object originally at rest is pushed by a 10 N force for 4 seconds. After the push the object is going 8 m/s. Answer the following.											
	A) What variable is 6 kg? B) What variable is 10 N? D) What variable is 8 m/s? E) What kind of energy did it have after it was pushed?	C) What variable is 4 sec?										
	F) What is the weight of the object?											
	G) Calculate the kinetic energy of the object after it was pushed.											
	H) Calculate the momentum of the object after it was pushed.											
	I) Calculate the work done if it was pushed for 5 meters.											
	J) After it is pushed, how far will it go in 2 seconds?											
	K) Find the acceleration of the object during the 4 seconds.											
17.	SENIORS CAN STOP A) What is the correct way to heat a test tube over a Bunsen burner?											
	B) What safety gear should you be wearing (two things)?											
18.	What is the correct way to measure a graduated cylinder?											
19.	What is the percent of fat content by mass of a food with a net mass of 29 grams and with 10 grams of fat?		Group A	Group B	Group C	Gro						
		Trial 1 (in m/s)	3.2	2.9	2.5	3						
20	Given the data in the table at the right, which group	Trial 2 (in m/s)	4.3	3.5	4.2	3						
	measured the speed of the car most consistently?	Trial 3 (in m/s)	2.8	3.2	2.8	3						
21.	Viscosity, buoyancy, or density?	Trial 4	1									

net mass of 29 grams and with 10 grams of fat?		Group / t	Choop B	chock c	a.oup B
	Trial 1 (in m/s)	3.2	2.9	2.5	3.0
measured the speed of the car most consistently? Viscosity, buoyancy, or density? A Measure of how compact a substance is?	Trial 2 (in m/s)	4.3	3.5	4.2	3.8
	Trial 3 (in m/s)	2.8	3.2	2.8	3.3
	Trial 4 (in m/s)	3.9	3.4	3.5	3.5
 CHow slow a substance flows. DSyrup has more of this than oil, because syrup pours very slowly EWhen you are submerged in water, you feel lighter because of the FStyrofoam floats because this is less than a rock. 		shing up on	you by the	water.	

- 22. The diagram at the right shows represents a phylogenetic tree (a family tree). Each letter shows a different organism.
 - A) Which is most related to G?
 - B) Which letter represents the organism that becomes all of the others?

Solubility graphs

- 23. Use the solubility graph below to answer the following.
 - A) What does the x-axis tell you?
 - B) What does the y-axis tell you?
 - C) Each x-axis square shows how much temperature change?
 - D) Each y-axis square shows how many grams of solute?
 - E) Which line undergoes the fastest change?
 - F) Which substance is the least affected by temperature change?
 - G) How much Potassium Bromide can be dissolved at 25°C.
 - H) If each line shows the saturation point of 100g of water at a given temperature, how much Potassium Bromide can be dissolved at 25°C in 200g of water?
 - I) If 50 grams of table salt is dissolved in 100g of water at 80°C, is the solution saturated, unsaturated or supersaturate?



