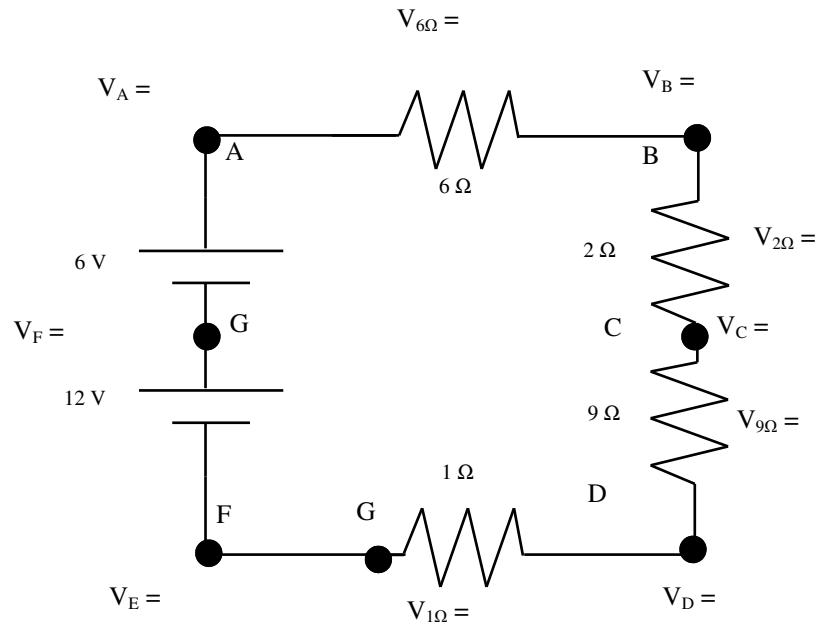


In Class Review 2



1. Batteries _____ voltage. Resistors _____ voltage.
2. Fill in the voltages around the circuit above.

3. Power:
 - A. Find the total power of the above circuit:

 - B. Find the power used by the $1\ \Omega$ resistor.

 - C. Find the power dissipated by the $6\ \Omega$ resistor.

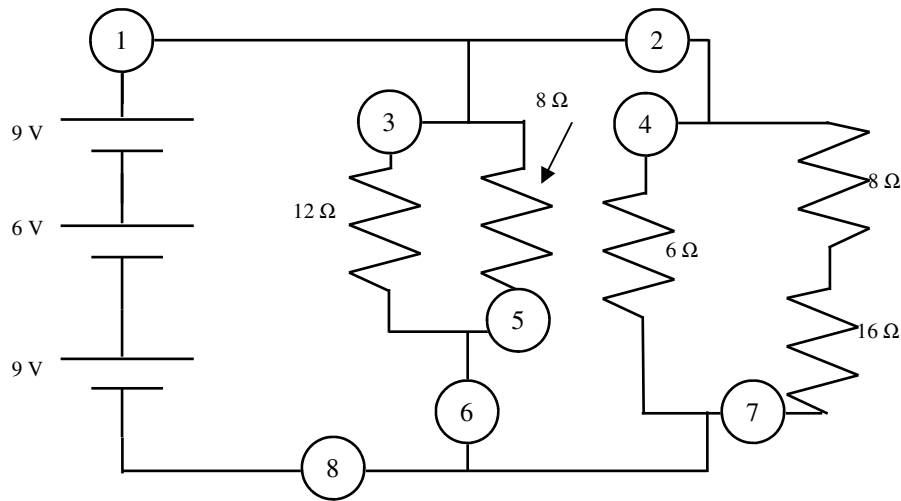
 - C. Find the power used by the $9\ \Omega$ resistor.

 - D. If all the resistors were lights, which would be the brightest?

 - E. Which resistor will generate the most heat?

4. What's the current running through the $9\ \Omega$ resistor?
5. What's the current running through the $6\ \text{v}$ battery?
6. What's the voltage from G to F?
7. What's the voltage from F to A?
8. What's the voltage from B to D?

9. Find the current in each of the amp meters in the following circuits.
(And label the diagram.)



10. What's the voltage used by the 8 Ω resistor?
11. What's the total power dissipated by the circuit?
12. What's the power dissipated by the 16 Ω resistor?
13. Which branch will be the brightest (if they were lights) and why?
14. A $4 \mu\text{C}$ charge and a $-7.4 \mu\text{C}$ are 2 mm away from each other.
Find the force between them.
15. Regarding #1: will they attract or repel?
16. If they touch each other what will happen?
17. If the $2.2 \mu\text{C}$ charge touches ground what will happen?
18. If the $-1.2 \mu\text{C}$ touches ground what will happen?
19. If your electric company's power rate is \$.11 per kWhr, find out how much it costs to run a 90w light bulb 8 hours a night for a month.