A-Day: Due Mon., Feb 23 B-Day: Due Tues., Feb 24

## before 9 cm 750g

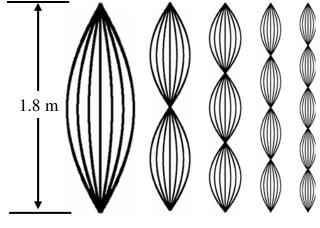
## 2009 Harmonic Motion 7 Test Review

From the "Harmonic Motion Basics" Table:

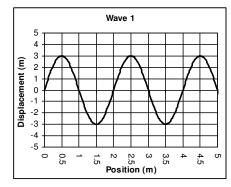
- Which equation do you use? (May be used more than once.)
  - \_\_Find the period of a spring given the mass and spring constant.
  - B. \_\_\_\_\_Find how far a wave travels in a 8 seconds.
  - C. \_\_\_\_ Calculate the period of a spring that has a frequency of 10 Hz.
  - D. \_\_\_\_\_Calculate the length of a pendulum that has a period of 0.5 seconds.
  - E. \_\_\_\_Calculate the wavelength of a 20 Hz wave.
  - F. \_\_\_\_\_Find the spring constant of a spring given the force and how far it stretches.
  - G. \_\_\_\_\_Find the frequency of a sound wave, given the period.
- 2. A 750 g mass is attached to a spring. The spring stretches 9 cm.
  - A. On the diagram, change the numbers to standard units.
  - B. How much force is pulling down on the spring?
  - C. By Newton's 3rd Law, with how much force is the spring pulling up?
  - D. How far is the spring stretched?
  - F. Calculate the spring constant of the spring.
- What is the period of a pendulum that is 55 cm long?

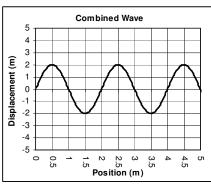
From "Standing Waves"

- A. Which harmonic is 2.5 wavelengths long?
  - B. Which harmonic has the fastest wave speed?
  - C. Which harmonic has 5 nodes?
  - D. What is the natural frequency for this string?
  - E. What is the wavelength of the fundamental frequency?
  - F. What is the wavelength of the 3rd harmonic?
  - G. What is the frequency of  $H_3$ ?
  - H. What is speed of the third harmonic?
  - I. What is the speed of the 4th harmonic?



48 Hz





From "Wave Interactions":

- The superposition principle is how we add the energy of waves together. Wave 2 is not shown.
  - A. What must Wave 2's amplitude be?
  - B. Is Wave 2 in phase or out of phase with Wave 1?
  - C. Wave 1's wavelength =

From "Sound"

- 6. Which has a lower frequency (smaller number): a high note or a low note?
- 7. Which has a longer wavelength: a high note or a low note?
- 8. A louder note has more or less amplitude than a quiet note?
- 9. We hear 10 more decibels as:
- 10. Is sound faster in gases or solids? In elastic substance (springy) or inelastic?
- 11. What is faster: sound or light?

From "Ancillary Sound Topics"

- 12. A gun is fired in a cave. The echo returns in 1.8 seconds. How deep is the cave?
- 13. A 560 Hz sound and a 555 Hz sound are played together.
  - A. How many beats are heard each second?
  - B. If the frequencies get closer are there more beats or less beats per second?
  - C. What causes the beats?
- 14. A clarinet and a trumpet can be playing the same notes, but they sound different because the have different t\_\_\_\_\_. This is because the actual sounds are made up of different amounts of different h\_\_\_\_\_.
- 15. Define the following DNA terms:

Translation:

Transcription:

Replication:

- 16. In DNA: A pairs with \_\_\_\_; C pairs with \_\_\_\_; In RNA: A pairs with \_\_\_\_; C pairs with \_\_\_\_.
- 17. Which classification group contains organisms that are most closely related?
  - A. Genus
- B. Family
- C. Class

D. Phylum

- 18. You are using a scalpel to do a dissection. You should
  - A. Wear heat-resistant gloves
  - B. Cut toward your body
  - C. Curt away from your body
  - D. Hold the specimen with tongs
- 19. Which of the following is most likely to increase the confidence of the scientific community in the results of an experiment?
  - A. The experiment is repeated many times and the same results are obtained.
  - B. The company who paid for the experiment publishes its results
  - C. Scientist who repeated the experiment obtained different experimental results.
  - D. The scientists who performed the experiment admits to removing some data from the published results.
- 20. In the human body, most bacteria
  - A. Produce vitamins
  - B. Reproduce and cause disease
  - C. Have no effect or are beneficial
  - D. Aid in digestion