2007 Energy 4

- 1. Two people are riding bicycles. Person A stops at the bottom of the hill and pushes hard all the way up. Person B starts a long way back and gains speed, coasting all of the way up.
 - A. Both bikers have what kind of energy after they climb the hill?
 - B. What kind of energy did Person A use to get up the hill?
 - C. What kind of energy did Person B use to get up the hill?

Notice: Person B transferred energy!

- 2. An object is at rest on a ledge 25 meters above the ground. If it is pushed off the ledge, how high above the ground will it be going 20 m/s?
 - A) $E_{before} = _$ Work? = ____ $E_{after} = _$
 - B) Conservation of Energy Equation:

C) Solve for the <u>height</u>.

- 3. An object slides down a frictionless ramp shown at the right.
 - A) $E_{before} = _$ Work? = _ $E_{after} = _$ B) Conservation of Energy Equation:
 - C) What is the height of the object (*vertical distance, remember*)?
 - D) Solve for the velocity at the bottom of the ramp.
- 4. A spring is compressed 0.3 m and has a spring constant of 35 N/m. If it is released, how fast will it launch a 4 kg object? (*Use the same process as above.*)



B. Calculate the potential energy of the object when it is on the table.

- C. Was all of the work transferred to the object?
- D. If energy cannot be created nor destroyed, where did the energy go?
- E. Find the efficiency of the object.



Energy 4

- 6. From the song: "Metals are on the ______ side; nonmetals on the ______. Metals tend to ______ electrons; nonmetals ______ them tight. Losers of electrons become ______; gainers of electrons become _______; conserve and gainers find themselves electrically attracted and they form ______ bonds of love."
- 7. Metal or nonmetal?
 - A. ____Lithium
 C. ____ Iron
 E. ____ Magnesium

 B. ____Helium
 D. ____ Oxygen
 F. ____ Nitrogen
- 8. Give the oxidation numbers for the following:
 - A. ____Calcium
 C. ___Oxygen
 E. ____Nitrogen

 B. ____Fluorine
 D. ____Magnesium
 F. ____Sodium
- 9. Using the graphic of an atom at the right,
 - A. How many protons does it have?
 - B. What element is it?
 - C. How many electrons does it have?
 - D. Electrons are positive or negative?
 - E. Counting up the positives and negatives, what is the total charge on the atom?
- 10. If a neutral atom gains 2 electrons, what is it's charge?
- 11. If a neutral atom loses 3 electrons, what is it's charge?

