

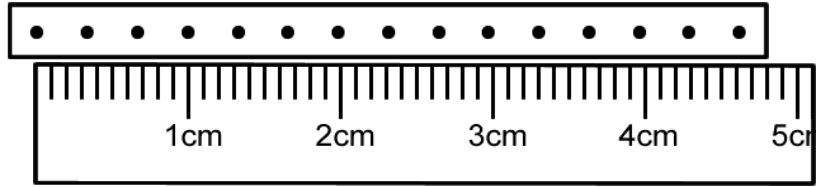
A-Day: due Mon 9/11 (Assigned Thurs., 9/7)
 B-Day: due Tues 9/12 (Assigned Wed., 9/8)

Measuring 9

Mr. Murray's Regular Physics

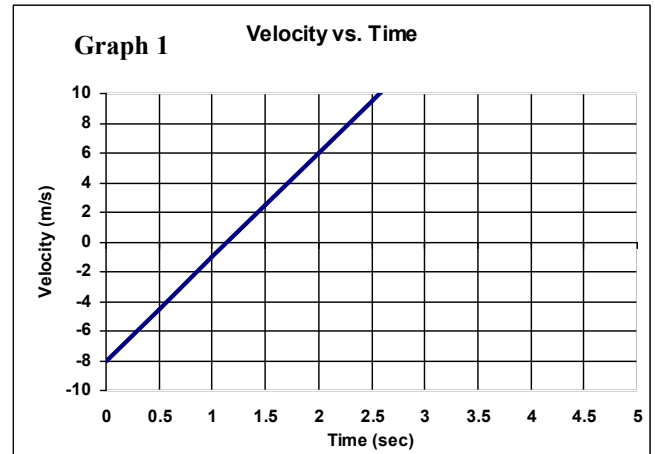
Use the tape timer to answer the following:

- 1) Does it show acceleration or constant velocity?
- 2) If each dot represents 0.1 seconds how much time is there between the first and last dot? (Don't count the first one.)

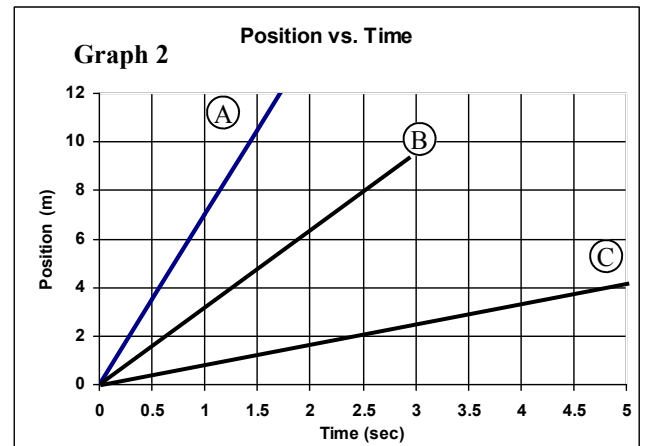


- 3) How much distance occurred on the tape between the first and last dot?
- 4) Find the speed of the tape.

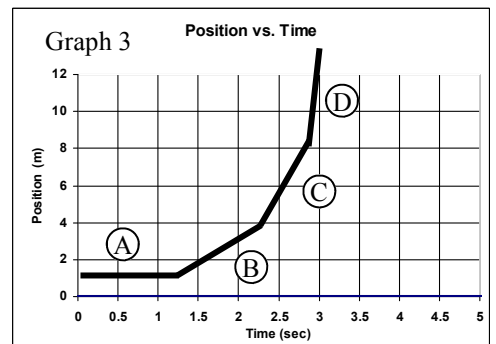
- 5) Using Graph 1:
 - A. What does the slope tell us on this graph?
 - B. What would the area tell us?
 - C. Find the slope of the graph (easier if done on the graph).
 - D. What is the initial velocity of the object?
 - E. Give the linear equation for this graph.
 - F. How fast will the object be going 23 m/s?



- Use Graph 2 to answer questions 6-9.
- 6) Which line has the highest velocity?
 - 7) Which line has the slowest velocity?
 - 8) What does the y-intercept mean for this graph?
 - 9) Draw a line on the graph that began at 10 meters and has a negative velocity (amount is irrelevant).



- Use Graph 3 to answer questions 10-13.
- 10) Which segment has the fastest velocity?
 - 11) Which segment shows the object at rest?
 - 12) Give the letters from slowest to fastest:
 - 13) What is the object doing (use the information from the above answers)?



- 14) A car sits at a stop sign, then accelerates for 3 seconds. How far did it travel to reach 24 m/s?
 - A) Write the variable list:
 - B) What variable is not in your list above?
 - C) What equation would you use to solve?
 - D) Solve.

- 15) An object going -4 m/s ends up going 8 m/s in 15 meters. How much acceleration caused this?