Harmonic Motion 2

- Give the variables and units for the following quantities:
 A. Period: _____; B. Amplitude: ____; C. Frequency: ____; D. Wavelength: _____
- 2. Using Figure 1 at the right answer the following:
 - A. If you start at A, when does 1 cycle end?
 - B. If you start at E, when does 1 cycle end?
 - C. If you start at B going right, when does one cycle end?
 - D. If you start at C going to the left, when does one cycle end?
 - E. Which letter is the equilibrium position?
 - F. In one cycle, how many times does the pendulum pass thru the equilibrium position?
 - G. If from A to E is 60° , what is the amplitude of the pendulum?
 - H. How many amplitudes does it go thru in one full cycle?
 - I. If it takes 0.3 seconds to go from A to E, how long is one period?
- 3. If the period of a pendulum is 4 seconds, find the frequency of the pendulum.
- 4. If the frequency of a wave is 1.35 Hz, find its period.
- 5. If the frequency of a wave is 0.02 Hz, find its period.
- 6. If the frequency is bigger, the period is _____
- 7. Looking at the pendulums at the right, which has the greatest amplitude?
- 8. Which one of the pendulums has the most energy?
- 9. Which pendulum has the least energy?
- 10. So, more amplitude = _____
- 11. Use Graph 1 to answer the following:
 - A. What is the amplitude of the graph?
 - B. How many cycles happen in 1 second?
 - C. So, find the frequency shown on Graph 1.
 - D. Find the period shown on Graph 1.
 - E. Over time, Graph 1 will d_____. Where will it come to rest?
- 12. Transverse or Longitudinal wave (see notes "Waves")?
 - A. _____ A wave is oscillating left and right and moving to the left
 - B. _____ A wave is oscillating left and right and moving up.
 - C. _____ A wave is oscillating up and down and moving to the left.
 - D. _____ A wave is moving up and down and moving up.
 - E. ____ Sound. F. ____ Light.
- 13. Use Graph 2 to answer the following:
 - A. Find the amplitude.
 - B. Find the period.
 - C. Find the frequency.
 - D. How many cycles are shown?
 - E. What is the equilibrium position?
 - F. Mark the crests and troughs?
 - G. Mark one cycle starting at 1 second.







Figure 1

Pendulum equation is on the notes: "Harmonic Basics." 14. If a pendulum is 4 m long, find its period.

15. If a pendulum is 20 cm long, find its period (length must be in meters for the formula to work)

16. Using the equation for the period of a pendulum. Solve for "g". (No numbers, just variables.)