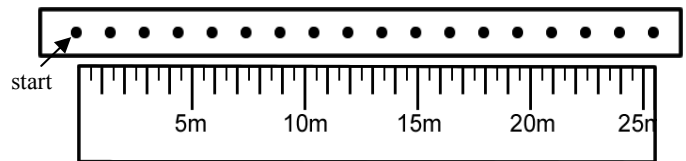


Answer the following using the “Speed” notes.

- 1) Mark these as Speed, Distance, Time, or Other
 _____ 5 mm/sec _____ 20 meters/sec _____ 15 ft/min
 _____ 10 inches _____ 228 meters _____ 78 sec
 _____ 50 m/s² _____ 8 minutes _____ 6 Newtons

- 2) True or false (and why): “A fast car goes farther.”
 3) Can a slow object travel as far as a fast object? Explain.
 4) Why do we have to use change of distance (ΔD) instead of just distance (D)?

- 5) Is the above motion at constant speed?
 6) Why or why not?
 7) Each dot = 1 sec. How long did it take to go 15 m?
 8) Calculate the object’s speed.



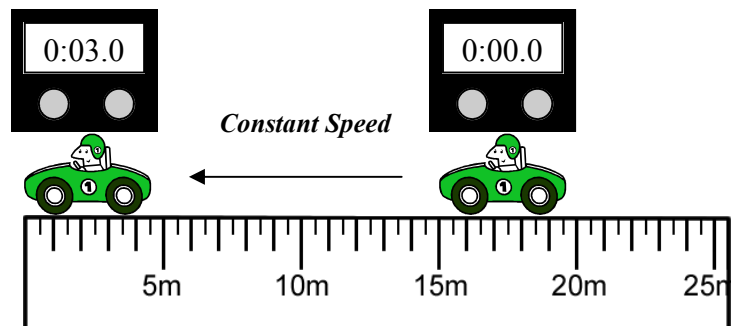
- 9) How would the dots change if it were moving faster?

More on back

For each of the next four problems, follow the procedure given.
 Let’s see if we can’t remind ourselves of things we have previously learned in math....

22. A car travels 200 miles in 4 hours. Calculate the car’s speed in meters per sec. (1 mile = 5280 ft)

22. Using the diagram at the right, calculate the speed of the car. (Be sure to follow the notes.)

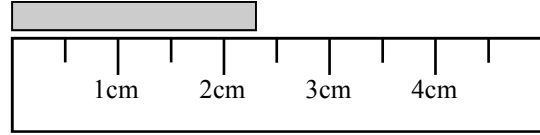


23. Do the following math problems, giving the answers with the correct number of Sig. Figs.
 A. $2(8) =$ B. $12.28 + 5 =$
 C. $1,000/25 =$ D. $3.0002 - 13,500 =$
 E. $12,000.0(4.0003) =$

24. A. Convert 8.9 cm to micrometers (μm). B. Convert 4.2 weeks to seconds.

More on back

25. Measure the object with the ruler.



26. If you measure with the ruler four times, will your answer change?

27. Is it likely that your answer is accurate?

28. If other students read with this ruler, are they likely to get the same exact answer as you?

29. Is the ruler precise?

30. Give definitions for accuracy and ruler.