| Name: | |
|---------|------|
| Period: | |

HW—22:1L — Nuclear Power Mr. Murray, IPC www.aisd.net/smurray

Assigned: Mon., 12/1/03 Due: Wedn., 12/3/03

- 1. What particle decay is this?
 - $^{210}_{83} \text{ Bi} \rightarrow ^{210}_{84} \text{ Po} + ?$
- 3. Which is worse for the environment: fusion or fission? Why?
- 5. Give the three kinds of nuclear radiation and what they are:

<u>Kind</u> <u>What it is</u>

- 2. What particle decay is this?
 - $_{95}^{240}$ Am $\rightarrow _{93}^{236}$ Np + ?
- 4. If I have 300 kg of carbon-14. Its half-life is 5,730 years. How much carbon 14 will there be in 5,730 years?

Do Vocabulary on the Back

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| Name: | Vocabulary | Alpha | Particle | Radioactive | Fission | Carbon Dating | |
|---------|--|-----------------|---|---|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Period: | (don't forget other side) | Gamm Beta Pa | a Ray | Uranium Chain Reaction | Fusion | Nucleons Nucleons | |
| 1. | A neutron splitting into a proton and an electron. Medium er ergy: wood or clothing can stop them. | n- 5. | | od of using the half e age of ancient obj | | pactive isotope to deter- 000 years old. | |
| 2. | A helium atom (2 protons and 2 neutrons). Lowest in energy Can be stopped by paper or skin. | y. 6. | | ne nuclear reaction tc. It allows nuclea | | er, which causes ansustain themselves. | |
| 3. | When an atom gives off energy or nuclear particles (like alpharticles). | ha 7. | | ergy radiation. Cars. Hard to stop (take | | narm to biological or- y feet of concrete). | |
| 4. | Bringing together two nuclei to make a bigger atom in a nucreaction. | elear 8. | The spl | itting of an atom int | o smaller ator | ns in a nuclear reaction. | |
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| | (don't forget other side) | Gamm Beta P | a Ray | Uranium Chain Reaction | Fission Fusion Half-life | Carbon Dating Nucleons | |
| 1. | A neutron splitting into a proton and an electron. Medium er ergy: wood or clothing can stop them. | n- 5. | 5. A method of using the half-life of a radioactive isotope to determine the age of ancient objects up to 50,000 years old. | | | | |
| 2. | A helium atom (2 protons and 2 neutrons). Lowest in energy Can be stopped by paper or skin. | y. 6. | 6. When one nuclear reaction causes another, which causes another, etc. It allows nuclear reactions to sustain themselves. | | | | |
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