Name: Period:	HW—19:ATL (after test) Mr. Murray, IPC www.aisd.net/smurray	Assigned: Tues., 11/4/03 Due: Thurs., 11/6/03
1. The temperature at which a gas turns to a liquid we call:	5. A 5000 kilogram balloon displaces 6000 kilograms air. How much cargo can it carry and still float?	7. A graduated cylinder has 20 mL or water. When you drop a 30 gram rock in the water goes up to 35 mL. Find the rock's density.
2. The three states of matter are:		Find the fock's density.
3. Convert 5 kilograms to grams.	6. Liquid A: 1.00 g/mL; B: 0.92 g/mL; C: 1.50 g/mL. Draw a density column and label what you know.	8. An atom has a mass number of 19 and 9 protons. What element is it and how many neutrons does it
4. Something that can be separated physically we call a:		have?
Name:	HW—19:ATL (after test) Mr. Murray, IPC	Assigned: Tues., 11/4/03 Due: Thurs., 11/6/03
Period:	www.aisd.net/smurray	Duc. 11113., 11/0/03
1. The temperature at which a gas turns to a liquid we call:	5. A 5000 kilogram balloon displaces 6000 kilograms air. How much cargo can it carry and still float?	7. A graduated cylinder has 20 mL or water. When you drop a 30 gram rock in the water goes up to 35 mL. Find the rock's density.
2. The three states of matter are:		I mu the fock's delisity.
3. Convert 5 kilograms to grams.	6. Liquid A: 1.00 g/mL; B: 0.92 g/mL; C: 1.50 g/mL. Draw a density column and label what you know.	8. An atom has a mass number of 19 and 9 protons. What element is
4. Something that can be separated physically we call a:		it and how many neutrons does it have?
Name:	HW—19:ATL (after test)	Assigned: Tues., 11/4/03
Period:	Mr. Murray, IPC www.aisd.net/smurray	Due: Thurs., 11/6/03
1. The temperature at which a gas turns to a liquid we call:	5. A 5000 kilogram balloon displaces 6000 kilograms air. How much cargo can it carry and still float?	7. A graduated cylinder has 20 mL or water. When you drop a 30 gram rock in the water goes up to 35 mL. Find the rock's density.
2. The three states of matter are:		I mu the fock's delisity.
3. Convert 5 kilograms to grams.	6. Liquid A: 1.00 g/mL; B: 0.92 g/mL; C: 1.50 g/mL. Draw a density column and label what you know.	8. An atom has a mass number of 19 and 9 protons. What element is it and how many neutrons does it have?
4. Something that can be separated physically we call a:		