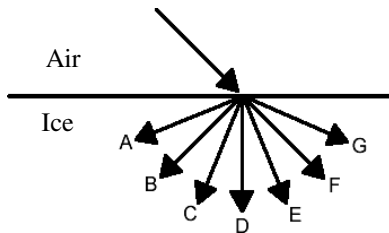


- What three lights make up white light?
- In order for us to see magenta,
  - What light is reflected off the magenta (draw it)?
  - So what color does magenta absorb?
- What color or colors does yellow reflect?
  - What color does yellow absorb?
- So, if magenta and yellow paints are mixed,
  - What two colors are absorbed?
  - What color is reflected?

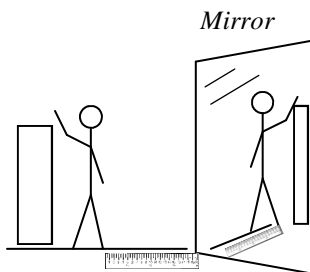
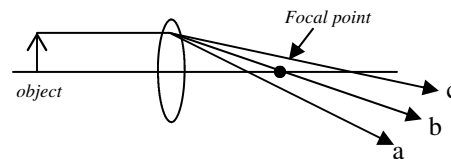
*This is how subtractive colors and CMYK works.*

- So, using the CMYK model, what two colors are necessary to make blue?

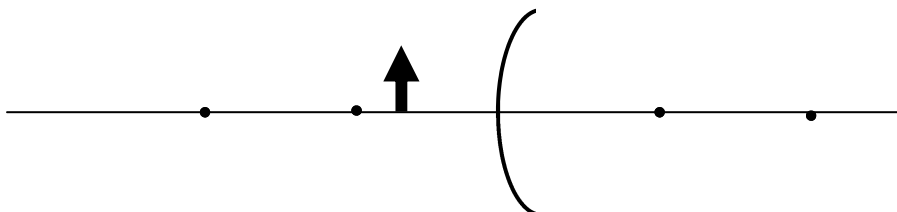


- In Diagram A at the left.
  - Is light going to speed up or slow down when it passes into ice?
  - Will the wavelength of the light get longer or shorter in ice?
  - Will the left or right side hit first?
  - Circle which way it will refract.
  - Did it bend toward or away from the normal?
  - In what case would it not refract at all?

- In the diagram at the right, to which letter will the light ray bend?

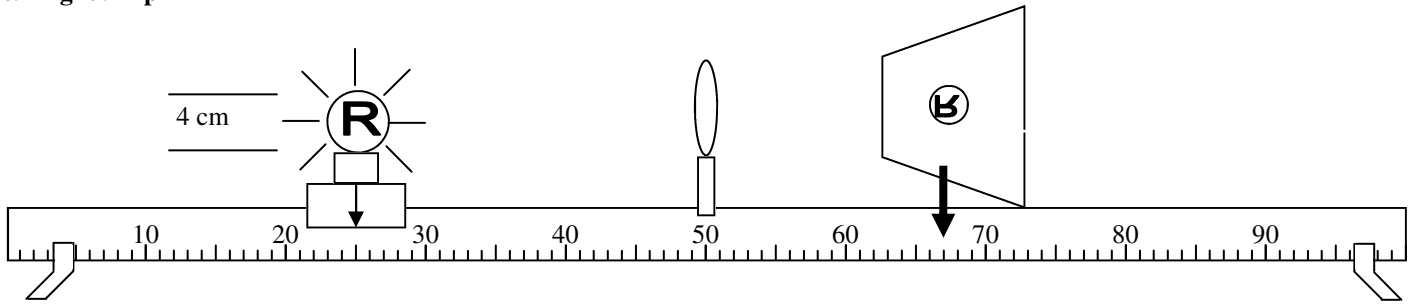


- Slim Jim is standing in front of a flat mirror and has a meter stick between him and the mirror (he is one meter in front of the mirror).
  - How far inside the mirror is his image?
  - How far is Jim from his image?
- Draw the ray diagram for the following mirror.
  - What kind of mirror?
  - Convergent or Divergent?
  - Real or virtual focal point?



- After you draw the diagram, describe the image.

*(new study help available that will walk you thru this.)*



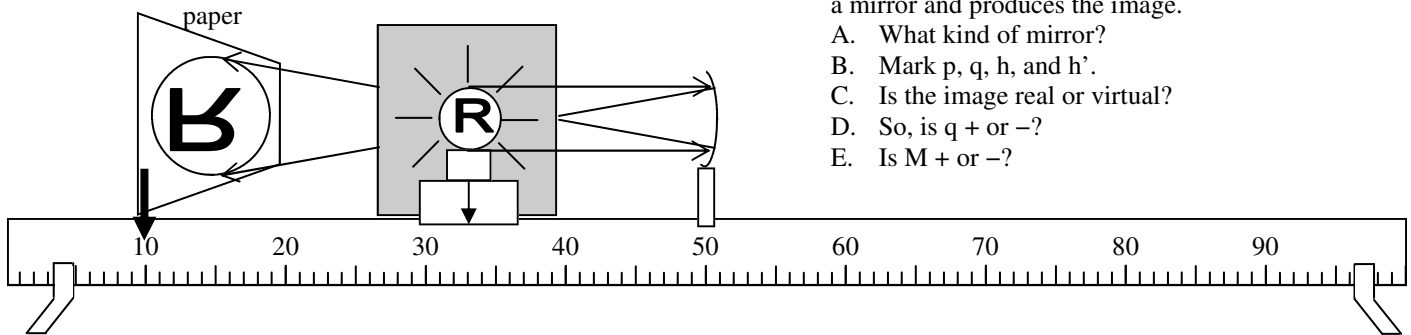
10. A. Calculate  $f$ ,  $M$ , and  $h'$  for the above.

B. + or -?  $p$  \_\_\_\_,  $q$  \_\_\_\_,  $h$  \_\_\_\_,  $h'$  \_\_\_\_.

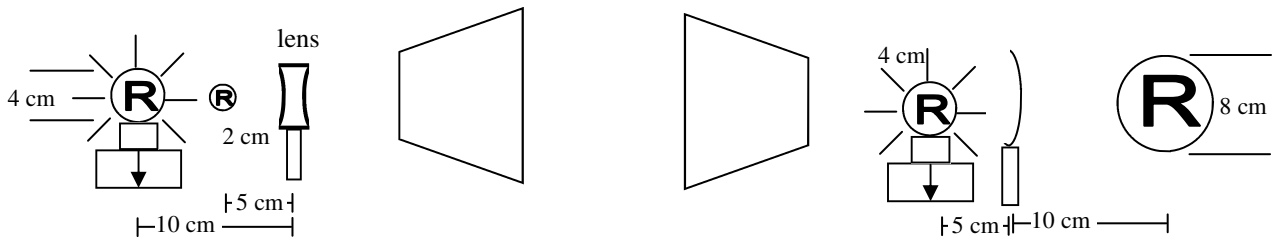
C. Is the object inside  $C$  or outside  $C$ ?

11. In this diagram the same object reflects off of a mirror and produces the image.

- A. What kind of mirror?
- B. Mark  $p$ ,  $q$ ,  $h$ , and  $h'$ .
- C. Is the image real or virtual?
- D. So, is  $q$  + or -?
- E. Is  $M$  + or -?



*Notice that in both of the previous examples when the image is real  $q$  is + (on the real side),  $h'$  is negative (inverted), and  $M$  is negative. If the image is virtual,  $q$  is - and  $M$  and  $h'$  are +.*



12. In the diagram above:

- A.  $p =$  \_\_\_\_\_ B.  $q =$  \_\_\_\_\_ C.  $h' =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- D. Is the image real or virtual?
- E. What kind of device?

13. In the diagram above:

- A.  $p =$  \_\_\_\_\_ B.  $q =$  \_\_\_\_\_ C.  $h' =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- D. Is the image real or virtual?
- E. What kind of device?

*(Notice that the image is on the virtual side of the mirror)*

14. Are the following + or -?

- A. \_\_\_\_  $q$  if image is inverted.
- B. \_\_\_\_  $h$
- C. \_\_\_\_  $h'$  if the image is upright
- D. \_\_\_\_  $f$  for a convergent device.
- E. \_\_\_\_  $h'$  if the image is on the right side of a mirror
- F. \_\_\_\_  $f$  for a convex mirror.
- G. \_\_\_\_  $q$  for a convex mirror.
- H. \_\_\_\_  $q$  if the image is on the left side of a lens
- I. \_\_\_\_  $h'$  if the image is on the right side of a lens.
- J. \_\_\_\_  $q$  if the image is on the left side of a mirror.
- K. \_\_\_\_  $M$  if the image is real.
- L. \_\_\_\_  $M$  if the image is virtual