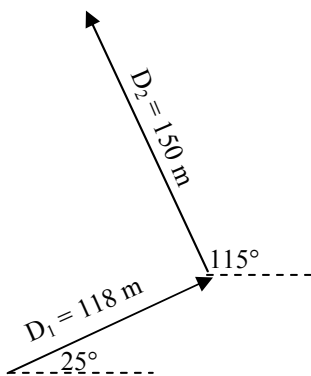


Due Mon., Oct 4 (B-day)  
Due Tues., Oct 5 (A-day)

## 2010-11 PreAP Two Dimensions 4

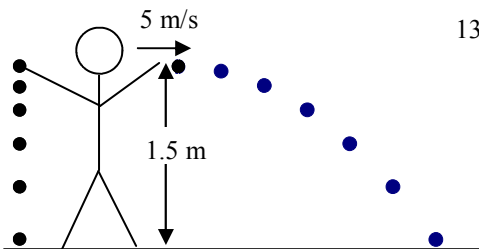
- \* If  $A = 22$  at  $215^\circ$ , then  $-3A =$
- \* If  $B = 18$  at  $112^\circ$ , then  $-5B =$
- If  $C = 21$  at  $312^\circ$ , then  $-2C =$
- If  $D = 21$  at  $65^\circ$ , then  $-6D =$
- A person walks 25 m west, then 18 m south. What is their total displacement (*which always includes magnitude and direction*)?
- A person walks 5 m east, then 10 m south, then 12 m west, then 3 m north. What is their total displacement (*always*)?
- A projectile is shot going 145 m/s at an angle of  $35^\circ$ , what is the projectile's initial x and y velocities?
- \* A polar bear walks 3.5 km/hr along the frozen ice at  $85^\circ$  for 3.2 hours. Calculate its x and y displacement.
- A group of penguins is waddling 1.6 km/hr at  $65^\circ$  for 15 hours. Calculate how far they went in the x and y directions. (*Challenge: how long does it take to reach the polar bear?\**)



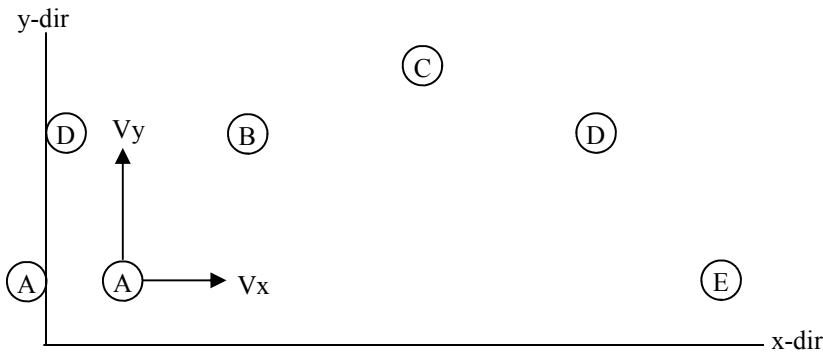
- \* Add the two vectors together at the left. (*Follow the "Adding Vector" notes exactly*).

- \* A plane flies 200 mph for 2 hours going  $20^\circ$ . Then it flies 250 mph for 1.5 hours going  $120^\circ$ . Calculate the planes total displacement (*magnitude and direction, please*).

- A boat is moving at 3 m/s for 100 seconds at  $215^\circ$ . It then turns to  $100^\circ$  going 4.5 m/s for 80 seconds. Calculate the boats total displacement.



- Slim Jim throws a ball at 5 m/s horizontally from 1.5 m. At the exact same moment he drops an identical ball from the same height.
  - What is the acceleration due to gravity for the dropped ball?
  - What is the acceleration due to gravity for the thrown ball?
  - \*Which ball hits the ground first?
  - Calculate the time for the right ball to hit the ground. (*help? Q9, last hw*)
- Calculate how far away the right ball lands.

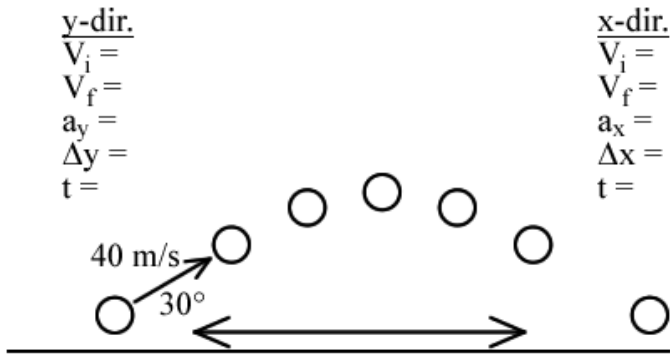


- See your "Projectile Motion" notes.
14. The graphic at the right shows the path of a projectile.
- On the y-direction line, put the letters to show where they are. (*A and D are done for you.*)
  - Do the same on the x-direction line.
  - What do you notice about the distance between each x-direction letter?
  - What does the y-direction show?
  - Draw the x and y velocities on each letter. Longer arrows show greater velocity.
  - Draw the total velocity (the speed) of the projectile at each point (*Vx and Vy are "crazy" the speed is "Lazy"*).

15. At which point or points above? ("None" or "All" is also possible.)

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| A. <input type="checkbox"/> $V_x = 0$ m/s                        | F. <input type="checkbox"/> The vertical velocity is positive.     |
| B. <input type="checkbox"/> The vertical velocity is zero.       | G. <input type="checkbox"/> The vertical acceleration is nonzero.  |
| C. <input type="checkbox"/> The horizontal velocity is nonzero.  | H. <input type="checkbox"/> The horizontal velocity is zero.       |
| D. <input type="checkbox"/> The vertical acceleration is zero.   | I. <input type="checkbox"/> The total speed is zero.               |
| E. <input type="checkbox"/> The horizontal acceleration is zero. | J. <input type="checkbox"/> The horizontal component of V is zero. |

At this point I have to assume that you can do ground to ground and horizontally launched.



16. \* A projectile is launched 40 m/s at an angle of 30°. How high does the projectile go?
- "How high"... Is this an x or y-direction question?
  - Calculate how high the projectile goes.

17. A different projectile is launched at 15° going 120 m/s. It is shot from the ground, to the ground.
- Calculate how far away it lands.
  - Calculate how high it goes.

18. What is the weight of a 12 kg object?

19. How much mass has a weight of 158 N?

Q1 -3A = 66 at 35°. 2. -5B = 90 at 292 Q8 D = (3.5 km/hr)3.2hr = 11.2 km at 85°.  $x = 11.2\cos85^\circ = .976$  km (so small because D is almost vertical);  $y = 11.2\sin85^\circ = 11.16$  km.

(Q9 challenge: never. Penguins live at the s pole; polar bears at the north, except in Coke commercials.

Q10  $x_1 = 106.9$  m  $y_1 = 49.9$  m;  $x_2 = -63.4$  m  $y_2 = 136$  m  $x_{total} = 43.6$  m  $y_{total} = 185.8$  m; Displacement total = 190.9 m at 76.8°.

Q11 Calculate displacements first:  $D_1 = 400$  mi at 20°;  $D_2 = 375$  mi at 120°.  $x_1 = 375.9$  mi  $y_1 = 136.8$  mi;

$x_2 = -187.5$  mi  $y_2 = 324.8$  mi;  $x_{total} = 188.4$  mi  $y_{total} = 461.6$  mi; Resultant = 498.5 mi at 67.8°

Q13C = same time. Q16—in the y-direction only. 20.4 m.  $V_{yi} = 20$  m/s.  $V_{yf} = 0$  m/s (top).